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General Assembly
Fifty-sixth session
Agenda item 166
Measures to eliminate international terrorism

Security Council
Fifty-sixth year

Letter dated 24 October 2001 from the Permanent Representative of Israel to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I wish to draw your attention to the latest incident of Palestinian terrorism directed against Israel.

Just before 11 a.m. (local time) on the morning of 22 October 2001, Yousef Muhammad Ayash, an automobile mechanic from the Palestinian-controlled village of Artis, shot and seriously wounded his former employer at a garage in the Jerusalem neighbourhood of Talpiot. Ayash then ran into the street where he wounded three others before being shot by an Israeli soldier who happened to be in the vicinity. Islamic Jihad claimed responsibility for the attack.

Yesterday's attack is the latest in an ongoing campaign of Palestinian terrorism that has been detailed in my letters dated 19 October 2001 (A/56/492-S/2001/990), 17 October 2001 (A/56/483-S/2001/975), 8 October 2001 (A/56/450-S/2001/948), 5 October 2001 (A/56/444-S/2001/943), 3 October 2001 (A/56/438-S/2001/938), 24 September 2001 (A/56/406-S/2001/907), 20 September 2001 (A/56/386-S/2001/892), 17 September 2001 (A/56/367-S/2001/875), 7 September 2001 (A/56/346-S/2001/858), 4 September 2001 (A/56/331-S/2001/840), 30 August 2001 (A/56/325-S/2001/834), 27 August 2001 (A/56/324-S/2001/825), 13 August 2001 (A/56/294-S/2001/787), 9 August 2001 (A/56/286-S/2001/780), 8 August 2001 (A/56/280-S/2001/775), 6 August 2001 (A/56/272-S/2001/768), 27 July 2001 (A/56/225-S/2001/743), 26 July 2001 (A/56/223-S/2001/737), 17 July 2001 (A/56/201-S/2001/706), 13 July 2001 (A/56/184-S/2001/696), 3 July 2001 (A/56/138-S/2001/662), 2 July 2001 (A/56/131-S/2001/656), 21 June 2001 (A/56/119-S/2001/619), 19 June 2001 (A/56/98-S/2001/611), 18 June 2001 (A/56/97-S/2001/604), 13 June 2001 (A/56/92-S/2001/585), 11 June 2001 (A/56/91-S/2001/580), 4 June 2001 (A/56/85-S/2001/555), 30 May 2001 (A/56/81-S/2001/540), 25 May 2001 (A/56/80-S/2001/524), 18 May 2001 (A/56/78-S/2001/506), 11 May 2001 (A/56/72-S/2001/473), 9 May 2001 (A/56/69-S/2001/459), 1 May 2001 (A/55/924-S/2001/435), 23 April 2001 (A/55/910-S/2001/396), 16 April 2001 (A/55/901-S/2001/364), 28 March 2001 (A/55/863-S/2001/291), 27 March 2001 (A/55/860-S/2001/280), 26 March 2001 (A/55/858-

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Measures to eliminate international terrorism

Security Council
Fifty-sixth year

Letter dated 24 October 2001 from the Permanent Representative of Israel to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I wish to draw your attention to the latest incident to imperil peace and security along Israel's northern border.

On 22 October 2001, in an unprovoked cross-border attack, Hizbullah terrorists, for the second time in three weeks, launched dozens of mortars and anti-tank shells at Israeli positions in the Mount Dov region.

This attack represents the latest violation of the Blue Line as established by the United Nations and, as such, constitutes a grave threat to peace and security along the border and in the region as a whole. Earlier violations have been detailed in my letters dated 5 October 2001 (A/56/443-S/2001/942), 6 July 2001 (A/56/161-S/2001/673), 16 April 2001 (S/2001/367), 16 February 2001 (A/55/792-S/2001/142), 6 February 2001 (A/55/767-S/2001/111), 26 November 2000 (S/2000/1121), 23 October 2000 (S/2000/1011), 19 October 2000 (S/2000/1002) and 7 October 2000 (S/2000/969).

Despite Israel's full and confirmed compliance with Security Council resolution 425 (1978), Hizbullah, with the assistance of both the Lebanese and Syrian Governments, continues to launch attacks against Israel across the Blue Line. These attacks violate basic norms of international law, most recently reaffirmed by Council resolution 1373 (2001), which obligates all States to prevent their territory from serving as a base for terrorist operations. These attacks further violate the provisions of Council resolutions 425 (1978), 426 (1978), 1310 (2000) and 1337 (2001) — which call for the restoration of international peace and security, the return of the effective authority and presence of the Government of Lebanon in the south, and respect for the integrity of the Blue Line as determined by the Secretary-General and endorsed by the Council.

The continuation of unprovoked cross-border attacks on Israeli territory is due not only to Lebanon's failure to fulfil its international obligations, but to the ongoing support of the Government of the Syrian Arab Republic for Hizbullah's terrorist operations. The Syrian Government, a recognized State sponsor of

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terrorism, continues to permit overland arms transfers to pass through Syrian territory from the Islamic Republic of Iran to Hizbullah's operatives, allows Hizbullah to maintain terrorist training facilities in the Syrian-controlled Bekaa Valley, and grants its terrorists safe harbour in Syrian territory. Moreover, by providing financial, political and organizational assistance, the Syrian Arab Republic has directly enhanced the capability of the organization to launch attacks against Israel, in blatant violation of established legal norms, including the recently adopted Security Council resolution 1373 (2001).

In light of the renewed global commitment to eradicating the scourge of terrorism, it is intolerable that Lebanon and the Syrian Arab Republic continue to flout the will of the international community by harbouring and assisting terrorists in their territory. The international community must act with full understanding of the fact that terrorism will continue to jeopardize peace and security so long as States provide the financial means and the logistic support necessary to carry out attacks.

Israel calls on the Governments of the Syrian Arab Republic and Lebanon to abide scrupulously by their obligations under Security Council resolutions to refrain from providing any kind of support, whether active or tacit, to persons or entities involved in terrorist attacks. Israel further calls on the Government of Lebanon to fulfil its obligations under international law and relevant Council resolutions to respect the integrity of the Blue Line, deploy its forces up to and along the Blue Line, and act to restore international peace and security in the area. Finally, Israel calls on the international community to bring its full power to bear in an effort to compel these States to end their support for terrorism.

I should be grateful if you would arrange to have the text of the present letter circulated as a document of the fifty-sixth session of the General Assembly, under agenda item 166, and of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Yehuda **Lancry**
Permanent Representative

United Nations A/56/508

General Assembly

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Fifty-sixth session
Agenda item 35
Support by the United Nations system of the efforts of Governments to promote and consolidate new or restored democracies

Letter dated 25 October 2001 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Solomon Islands to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I should be grateful if you could have the present letter and its annex circulated as a document of the fifty-sixth session of the General Assembly under agenda item 35.

(*Signed*) Jeremiah **Manele**
Chargé d'affaires a.i.

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Annex to the letter dated 25 October 2001 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Solomon Islands to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Note verbale dated 25 October 2001 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Solomon Islands to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

The Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Solomon Islands to the United Nations presents his compliments to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and has the honour to forward herewith a letter dated 25 October 2001, from the Prime Minister of Solomon Islands, Honourable Manasseh Sogavare MP, requesting the Secretary-General to send United Nations Observers to monitor the general elections in the Solomon Islands, which will take place on 5 December 2001.

This request is an illustration of the strong desire of the Government to ensure the integrity and complete transparency of the electoral process. It is also a critical election as its success would help the country to move forward with the peace process following two years of inter-ethnic conflict.

In this connection, the Chargé d'affaires a.i. has the further honour of requesting the Secretary-General to provide assistance to Solomon Islands and help to ensure that its general elections are conducted in a fair and orderly manner. In accordance with standing international practice, the Government of the Solomon Islands would be grateful for the dispatch of a needs assessment mission by the United Nations to discuss and liaise with the Chairman of the Electoral Commission, on the nature, scope and parameters of possible United Nations involvement in the electoral process.

Given the time constraints, the Government would highly appreciate it if the Secretary-General would dispatch this Mission at his earliest convenience.

The Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Solomon Islands to the United Nations avails himself of this opportunity to renew to the Secretary-General of the United Nations the assurances of his highest consideration.

Enclosure

Letter dated 25 October 2001 from the Prime Minister of Solomon Islands addressed to the Secretary-General

Solomon Islands will hold our regular general elections on 5 December 2001.

The Solomon Islands Electoral Commission, the legal authority for organizing regular elections, is determined to organize the elections in a completely transparent manner.

One way to achieve this and to ensure integrity of the process is to have international monitors to observe the elections.

I, in this regard, wish to officially request the United Nations to send observers for the 2001 national elections in Solomon Islands.

Your Excellency, I wish to thank your office in advance for any assistance you may render.

(*Signed*) Hon. Manasseh **Sogavare**
Prime Minister